

Mark schemes

1. opposite 1 mark

2. Award 1 mark for the correct word circled.

uneven sore smooth low

1 mark

3. "Have you finished eating your lunch " asked Hannah

1 mark

4. Award 1 mark for two commas correctly inserted.

We lifted up the log and found worms, woodlice, snails and slugs.

1 mark

5. Award 1 mark for *suffix*

Also accept *morpheme* or *affix*

There are no spelling or punctuation requirements for this question.

1 mark

6. a noun phrase

1 mark

7. In July, I will visit my grandparents in Newcastle.

1 mark

8. Award 1 mark for all **three** correct.

Oliver feels proud when he collects his medal after he wins the race.

felt collected won

Do not accept misspellings.

There are no capitalisation requirements for this question.

1 mark

9. Award 1 mark for inverted commas correctly inserted, i.e.

“I think it is over here!” shouted Reena, pointing
at the map. “Follow me!”

‘I think it is over here!’ shouted Reena, pointing
at the map. ‘ Follow me!’

1 mark

10. miserable

1 mark

11. Award 1 mark for both correctly circled.

Dad told me that Mum’s favourite sport is cycling and his is cricket.

Tennis is Karen’s favourite sport and mine is football.

1 mark

12. Award 1 mark for

While we were talking to our friend, his phone started ringing.

↑
to talk

Do not accept misspellings or errors in punctuation or capitalisation.

1 mark

13. Award 1 mark for a correctly punctuated sentence using the passive, for example:

- *The treasure was stolen by someone.*
- *The treasure was stolen by somebody.*
- *The treasure was stolen.*

Do not accept misspellings of verb forms or errors in punctuation or capitalisation.

1 mark

14. Award 1 mark for a correctly punctuated sentence using the active, for example:

- *The council maintain the local park.*
- *The council maintains the local park.*

Do not accept misspellings of verb forms or errors in punctuation or capitalisation.

1 mark

15. Award 1 mark for

After her dance class, Jamila has a strawberry milkshake,
which she buys from the local cafe.

1 mark

16. Award 1 mark for *re* 1 mark

17. Award 1 mark for a dash correctly inserted.

I must repair my backpack – the zip is broken and I need it for our camping trip.

1 mark

18. I must be at school early tomorrow.

1 mark

19.

Sentence	Main clause	Subordinate clause
I walked to school with Hazel as <u>we live on the same road.</u>		✓
<u>Hazel uses a wheelchair</u> so we went up the ramp.	✓	
<u>Before we entered the classroom,</u> we greeted our friends.		✓

1 mark

20. a subordinate clause

1 mark

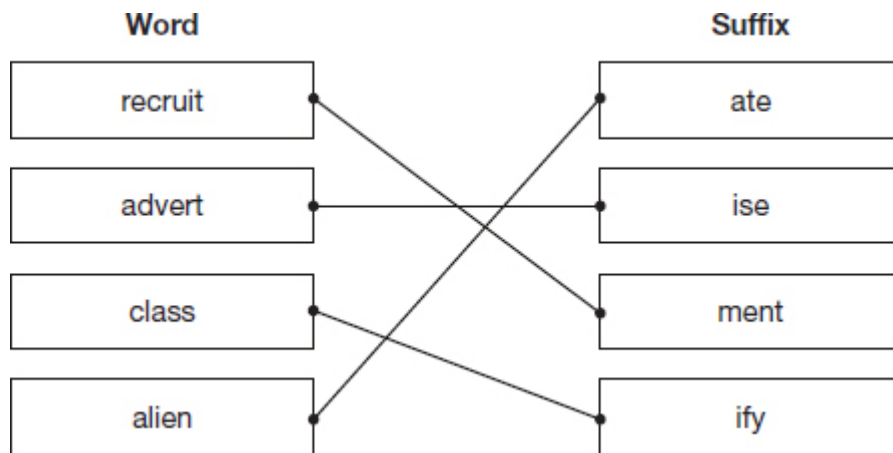
21. Award 1 mark for a semi-colon correctly inserted.

We have been learning about the Vikings; they were a fascinating civilisation.

1 mark

22.

Award 1 mark for all four matched correctly.



1 mark

23.

Award 1 mark for a grammatically correct relative clause that retains the meaning of the sentence in the box, for example:

- My uncle, who lives on a farm, is going to plant potatoes.
- My uncle, who's a farmer, is going to plant potatoes.

Do not accept misspellings of relative pronouns or verb forms.

Do not accept errors in punctuation or capitalisation.

1 mark

24.

Swimming, which strengthens muscles in the arms and legs, is great exercise.

1 mark

25.

to show that who's is the contracted form of 'who has'

1 mark

26.

Award 1 mark for all three correctly circled.

The crumbling castle stood high on the rocky hill. The views over the countryside were glorious.

1 mark

27.

Award 1 mark for a colon correctly inserted.

We saw various animals on our evening walk: badgers, foxes, mice and an owl.

1 mark

28.

dashes

1 mark

29.

Award 1 mark for all **three** correct.

The basketball club was set up / established by a group of friends last year.

They invited / got people who were interested in the game to join.

Now they play / compete in their local league.

1 mark

30.

Award 1 mark for a response explaining that the comma changes the type of items cooked, referring to one or both sentences, for example:

- *The second sentence says that the chicken and soup are different things but the first says it is chicken flavoured soup.*
- *In the first, they cooked chicken soup, but in the second the chicken and soup are separate.*

Also accept a response explaining that the comma changes the number of items cooked, referring to one or both sentences, for example:

- *In the first one there are two things but in the second one there are three.*
- *It changes the list from 2 things to 3 things.*

There are no spelling or punctuation requirements for this question.

1 mark